

Bambusa vulgaris Schrad. Ex J.C.Wendl.

Family: Poaceae

Common name: Common bamboo

Vernacular name:മഞ്ഞമുള

Nativity: China (Yunnan) to Indo-China

Habit: Tree

Habitat: Open Forest

IUCN Status: Least Concerned

Keynotes: Bambusa vulgaris forms moderately loose clumps and has no thorns. It has lemon-yellow culms (stems) with green stripes and dark green leaves. Stems are not straight, not easy to split, inflexible, thick-walled, and initially strong. The densely tufted culms grow 10– 20 m high and 4–10 cm thick. Culms are basally straight or flexuose, drooping at the tips. Culm walls are slightly thick. Nodes are slightly inflated. Internodes are 20–45 cm . Several branches develop from mid-culm nodes and above. Culm leaves are deciduous with dense pubescence. Leaf blades are narrowly lanceolate.

Uses: Common bamboo has a wide variety of uses, including the stems used as fuel and the leaves used as fodder, though a large amount of ingestion of leaves is known to cause neurological disorder among horses.



References

https://powo.science.kew.org/ https://sites.google.com/view/campusflora/home?authuser=0 https://www.wikipedia.org/